

COMPARISON OF AAMI METHODS FOR DOSE AUDITS TO SUBSTANTIATE IRRADIATION DOSE



Applied Sterilization Technologies

TECHNICAL TIP #24

The Association for the Advancement of Medical Instrumentation (AAMI) generates numerous standards and guidelines used by professionals in the healthcare industry. Occasionally, the AAMI Standards board will provide additional guidance to specific standards in the form of a Technical Information Report (TIR). These TIRs reflect common industry practices that evolve from an accumulated process knowledge base.

In the last few years many changes have occurred to the guidance documents we have all followed to set minimum sterilization doses. With the completion of ANSI/AAMI/ISO 11137:2006 and the addition of AAMI TIR 33, many options were placed in the hands of the healthcare industry. Significant changes such as bringing VD_{max}^{25} into an ISO document, the additional of a VD_{max}^{15} option and incorporation of single lot validation for Method 1 have eliminated or reduced the need to use older AAMI or AAMI/ISO documents like TIR 27, 15844 and 13409 but have made the familiarity with the current ANSI/AAMI/ISO documents even more critical to the needs of the healthcare industry.

While this document is not intended to be an exhaustive comparison of old versus new guidelines, we wanted to bring together to a chart format, a comparison of the steps for dose audits as starting point when preparing to review these documents for the first time as they apply to your specific product needs or requirements. This document does not replace the need to assure that you are compliant and current with all regulatory requirements specific to your product. This TechTip will look at dose auditing, while a companion document will look at dose setting in this same format.

Please see page two of this TechTip for a comparison of gamma dose audit methods.

References

1. ANSI/AAMI/ISO 11137-1:2006. Sterilization of health care products – Radiation-Part 1: Requirements for development, validation, and routine control of a sterilization process for medical devices.
2. ANSI/AAMI/ISO 11137-2 :2006. Sterilization of health care products – Radiation-Part 2: Establishing the sterilization dose.
3. ANSI/AAMI/ISO 11137-3:2006. Sterilization of health care products – Radiation-Part 3: Guidance on dosimetric aspects.
4. AAMI TIR 33:2005. Sterilization of health care products- Radiation-Substantiation of a selected sterilization dose- Method VD_{max} .

Gamma Dose Determination Method Comparison

Dose Establishing Method		Method 1	Method 2A	Method 2B	VD _{max} ⁿ
Frequency*	Bioburden Testing	every 3 months; if bioburden is less than 1.5 cfu, 1 month	every 3 months	every 3 months	every 1 months; if bioburden is less than 1.5 cfu, 1 month
	Dose Audit	every 3 months	every 3 months	every 3 months	every 3 months
Number of Units	Bioburden Testing	10	10	10	10
	Dose Audit / Sterility Testing	100	100	100	10
Dose Audit Elements	Applied Dose	original verification dose	original D**	original D**	original verification dose
	Bioburden & Sterility Testing Methodology	same as validation	same as validation	same as validation	same as validation
	SIP	same as validation	same as validation	same as validation	same as validation
Result Interpretation	Accept Verification	≤ 2 positive	≤ 2 positive	≤ 2 positive	≤ 1 positive
	Confirmatory Dose Audit w/ 10 New Samples	N/A	N/A	N/A	2 positives of 20 total
	Augment Dose & Repeat Audit with 100 New Samples**	3-4 positives	3-4 positives	3-4 positives	N/A
	Augment Dose Unit Dose Reestablished with Another Method**	5-15 positives	5-15 positives	5-15 positives	3-6 positives
	Cease Sterilization Unit Dose Reestablished with Another Method**	>15 positives	>15 positives	>15 positives	> 6 positives

* If product is not produced frequently enough to meet the 3 month or 1 month bioburden testing, then test each batch produced. If Bioburden exceeds specified limits and is determined to be a true result, a dose audit shall be performed immediately.

** Assuming positive results cannot be attributed to errors in methodology, dose delivered, or bioburden issues. If deviations/issues occurred, test may be repeated following corrective action.

VD_{max}ⁿ reflects VD_{max}¹⁵, VD_{max}^{17.5}, VD_{max}^{20.0}, VD_{max}^{22.5}, VD_{max}^{25.0}, VD_{max}^{27.5}, VD_{max}^{30.0}, VD_{max}^{32.5}, VD_{max}^{35.0}

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